Cyanobacteria: What Can We Do?



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July 29, 2023 Sunrise Lake



Cyanobacteria

- Formerly known as blue-green algae
- Ubiquitous
- Native
- Thousands of species, hundreds of toxins

- Originated ~3.5 billion years ago
- Oxygenated the planet with the byproduct of photosynthesis











Cyanotoxins

- Affect people, pets and wildlife
- Exposure through ingestion
 - Drinking water
 - Swimming
 - Food
- Exposure through inhalation
- Acute and chronic toxicity

- Documented symptoms:
 - Skin irritation
 - Eye and nose irritation
 - Fatigue
 - Fever
 - Nausea, vomiting, diarrhea
 - Tingling, numbness, seizures
 - Nervous system and organ failure
 - Death

When in doubt, stay out!



Why prevent blooms?

- Blooms:
 - Threaten public health
 - Impair recreation
 - Harm wildlife
 - Affect business revenues
 - Decrease property values





Report a bloom: <u>https://arcg.is/1e8Tfy</u>

Cyanobacteria Management and Prevention (Outline)

- Identify & Report Blooms
- What causes blooms?
- What can Sunrise Lake do?
- Resources for homeowners





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Cyanobacteria Blooms



Credit: Amanda McQuaid

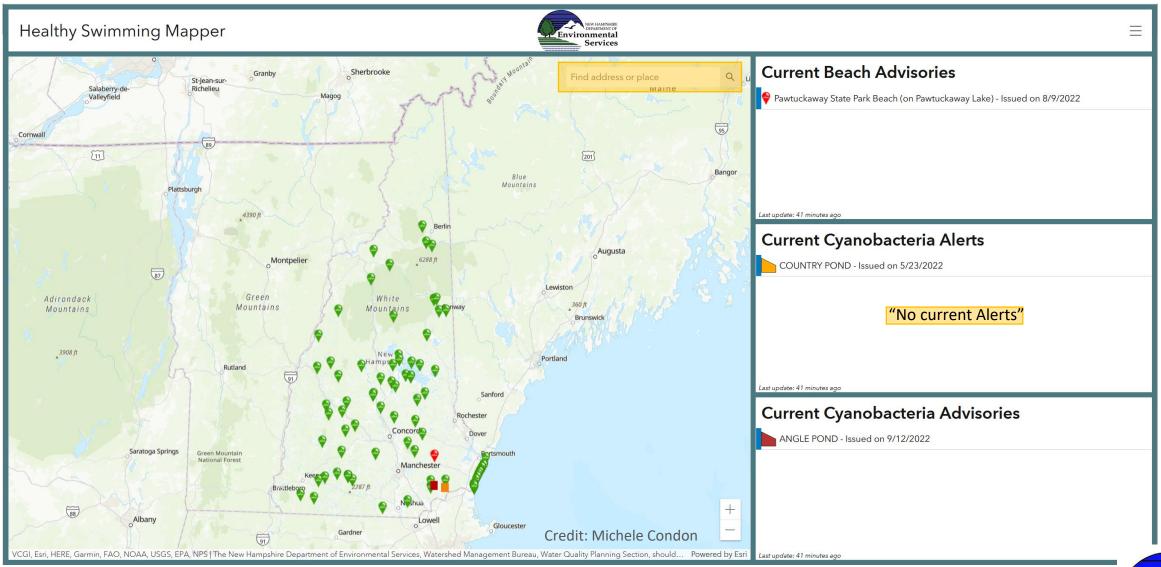
- Rapid growth
- Blooms change often and quickly
 - Move in the water column
 - Move to another part of the lake
 - Can last for a single day, or a full summer



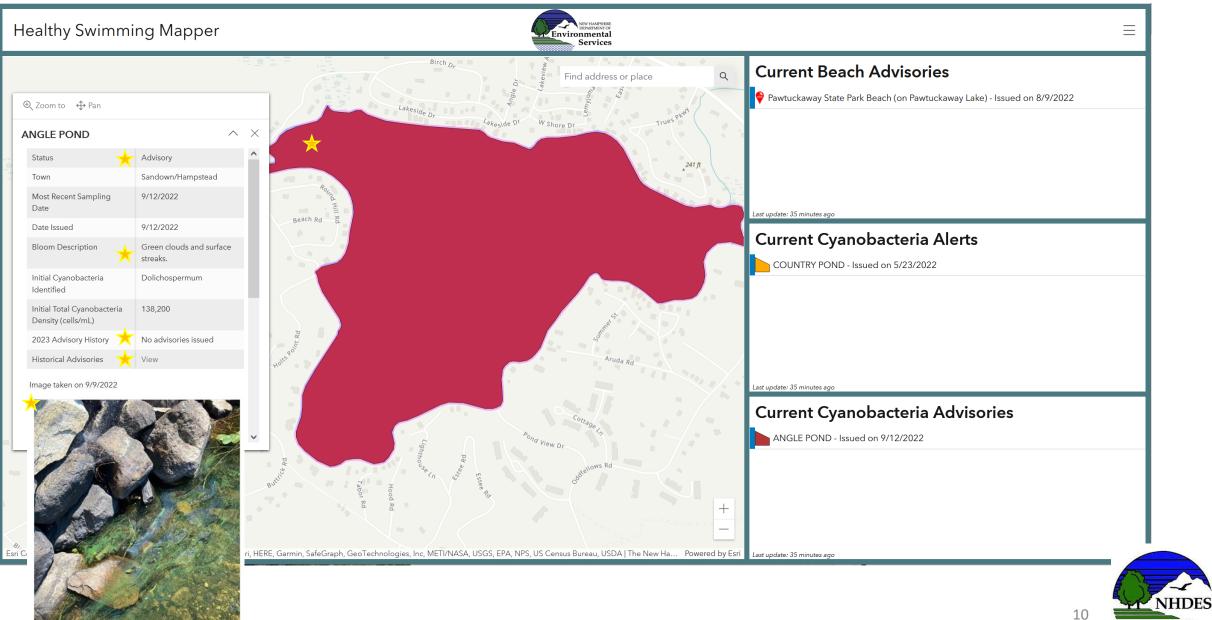
Report a bloom: https://arcg.is/1e8Tfy









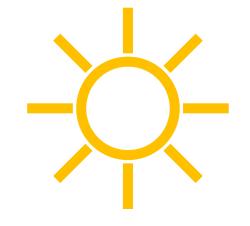


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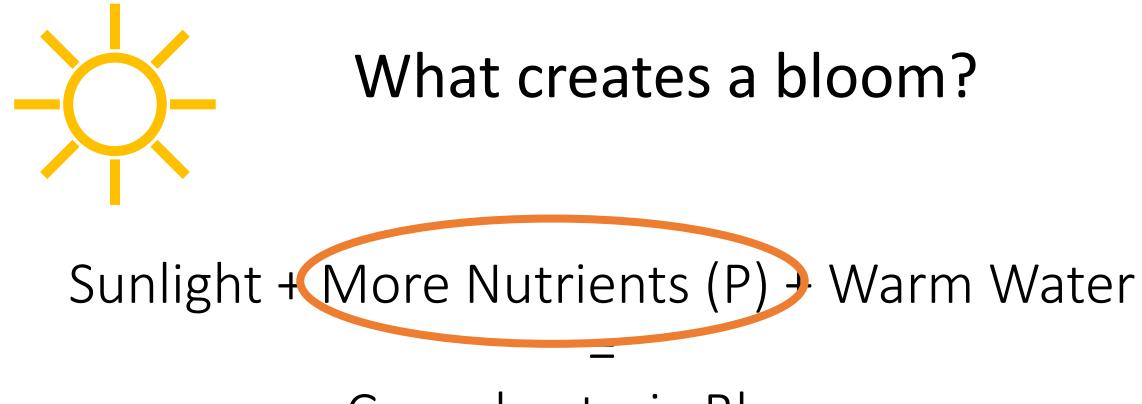
What creates a bloom?

Sunlight + More Nutrients (P) + Warm Water

Cyanobacteria Bloom





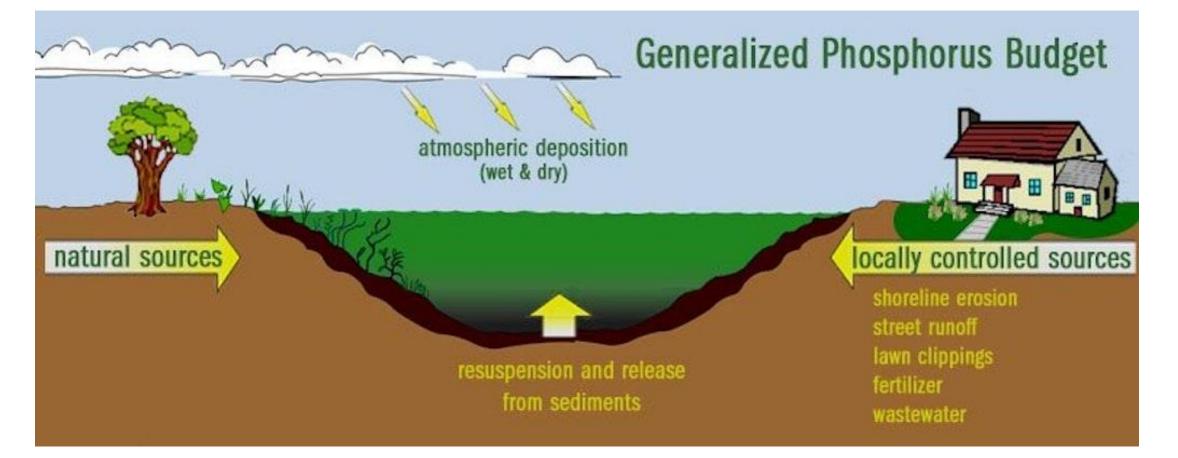


Cyanobacteria Bloom





Watershed-based approach needed





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What can Sunrise Lake do?

- 1. Improve stormwater management
- 2. Protect shorelands
- 3. Upgrade/maintain septic systems
- 4. Education/outreach
- 5. Form a watershed association
- 6. Implement your watershed-based plan





1. Improve stormwater management: Examples

- Changing road grading
- Fixing culverts
- Permeable pavers
- Catchment basins
- Rain barrels
- Revegetating shorelines
- Protecting land





2. Protect Shorelands



- Native plants:
 - Increase infiltration
 - Eliminate the need for fertilizer
 - Reduce ice damage
 - Reduce erosion/wake damage
 - Support biodiversity



How to Protect Shorelands

- Outreach/education to homeowners
- Land Conservation
- Reforest logged areas

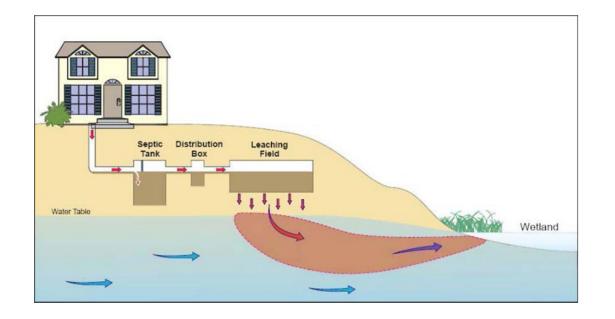


- Shoreland buffer zones
- Shoreland permit enforcement
- Legislative advocacy





3. Upgrade/maintain septic systems



- Educate
- Collaborate: Pump-out Program
- Pass local regulations
- Identify, prioritize, replace problematic systems



4. Education/Outreach

- What homeowners do affects water quality (and property values)
 - Shoreland vegetation
 - Stormwater runoff
 - Fertilizer use
 - Septic maintenance

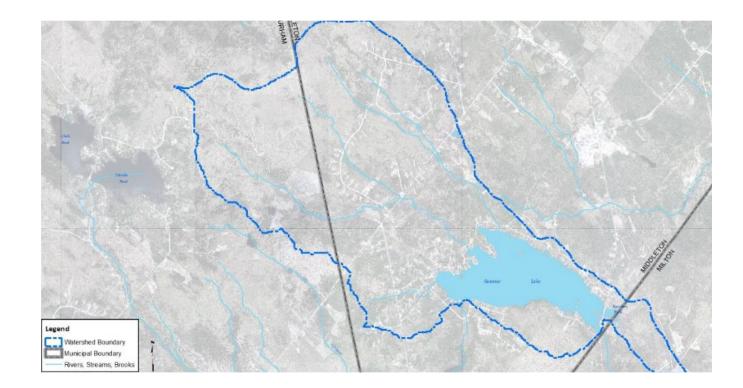


- The risks of cyanobacteria blooms
 - How to ID & report: https://arcg.is/1e8Tfy



5. Form a watershed association

- Ensure watershed plan implementation
- Annual meetings
- Education campaigns
- Coordinate with the town
- Neighbor to neighbor conversations
- Some fun things too...





6. Implement your watershed-based plan

• A comprehensive, prioritized todo list for how to protect/restore Sunrise Lake



- Identifies sources of nutrients and pollutants
- Describes specific actions to address nutrient sources
- Supports funding applications



Remember Why:

Less nutrient pollution

 Protecting water quality protects property values

Lower likelihood of future cyanobacteria blooms





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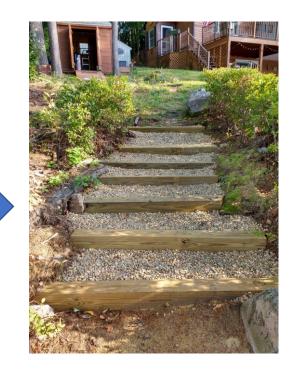
Resources for homeowners



What can a homeowner do?

- 1. Avoid using fertilizer
- 2. Vegetate your shoreline
- 3. Prevent erosion on your property
- 4. Maintain your septic system (inspect/pump every 3 years)
- 5. Spread the word







Resources for Homeowners

• LakeSmart Program



• Soak Up the Rain



Contact <u>NH LAKES</u>

Contact <u>lisa.loosigian@des.nh.gov</u>



HB1066: Cyanobacteria Plan

- DES is creating a plan to:
 - understand the status, impacts, and risks of cyanobacteria blooms in New Hampshire waterbodies;
 - identify what is needed to prevent, avoid, and control blooms;
 - recommend ways to improve coordination among stakeholders and the communication of health risks from blooms.
- Input from an advisory committee
- Report due Nov. 1, 2023





Thank you! Questions?

Nisa Marks Watershed Coordinator <u>nisa.m.marks@des.nh.gov</u> 603-271-8811



Report a bloom: https://arcg.is/1e8Tfy

Healthy Swimming Mapper: <u>https://www.des.nh.gov/water/healthy-</u> <u>swimming/healthy-swimming-mapper</u>



Two-tiered response based on cyanobacteria density

ALERT

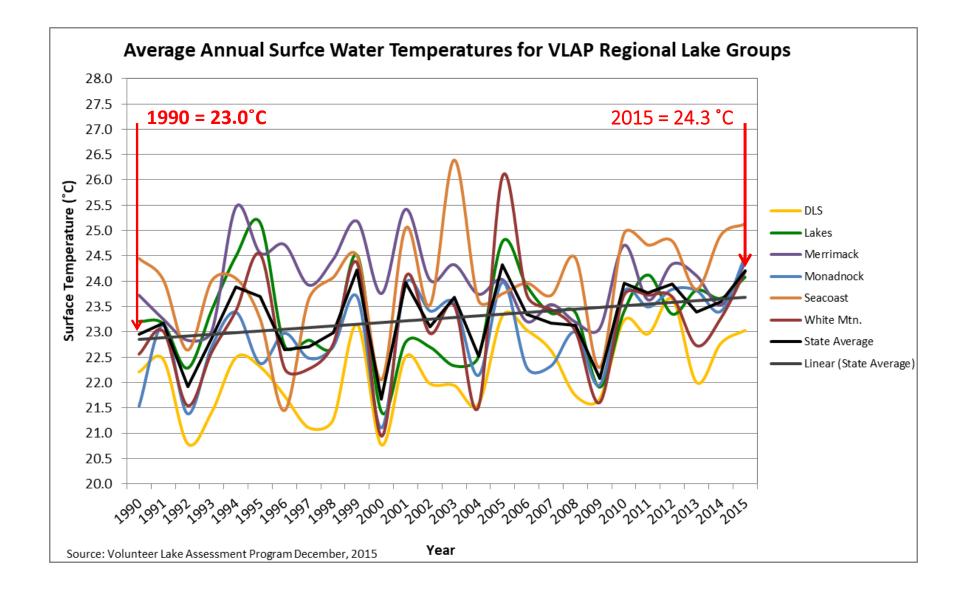
- Be on the lookout
 - <70,000 cells/mL
 - Bloom could develop into something more significant
 - Bloom may have passed (weekends!)
 - Issued based on a photo and description of the bloom
- No signs posted
- Alert statement shared locally
- Resampled if residents inform us about continued presence / changing conditions

ADVISORY

- Lake wide warning
 - More than 70,000 cells/mL
 - Water is currently unsuitable for wading or swimming
 - Keep children and pets out of the water
 - Issued based on a water sample
- Signs posted at public access sites
- Advisory statement shared widely and publicly
- Resampled weekly until the cyanobacteria cell concentration drops below 70,000 cells/mL



Climate Change



Climate Change

